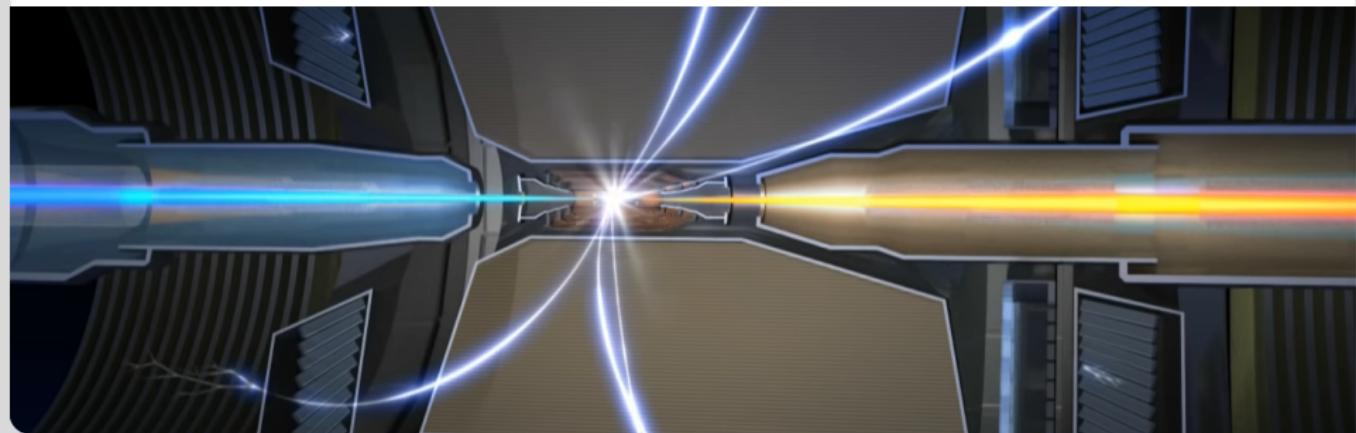


# Deep Full Event Interpretation

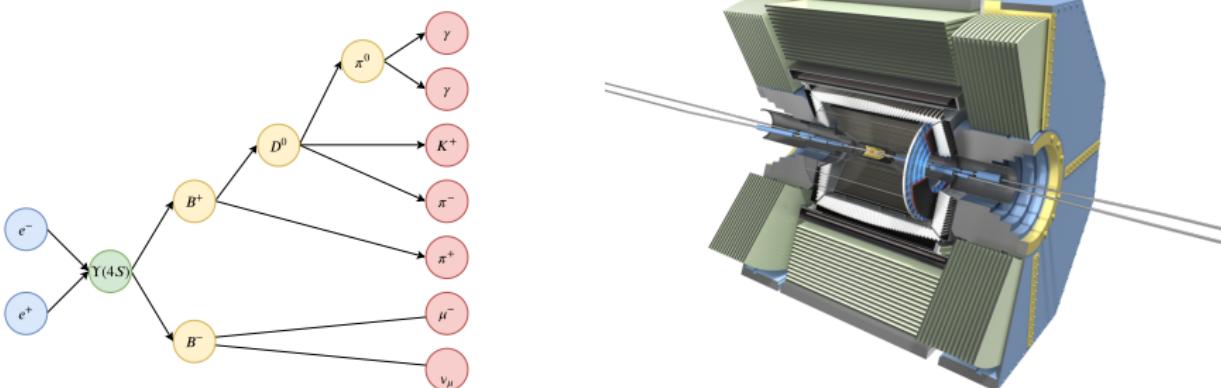
Deep Learning Hackathon Dresden

William Sutcliffe, Jochen Gemmler, Moritz Bauer, Tobias Böckh | 09.09.2019



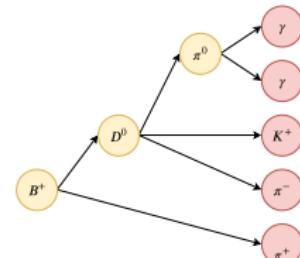
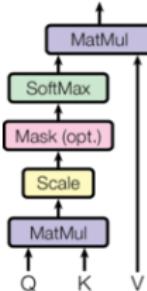
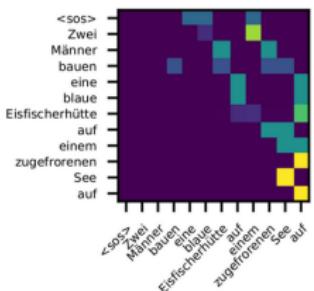
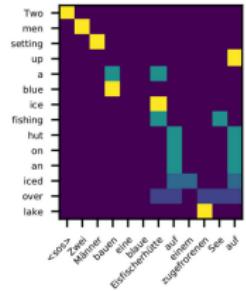
# SuperKEKB & Belle II

- $e^+ e^-$  collider  $\rightarrow$  production of two B mesons
- measurement of final state particles with Belle II detector
- Full Event Interpretation: reconstruction of B mesons  
predecessor FEI<sup>1</sup>, low efficiency  $\mathcal{O}(\epsilon) < 1\%$



<sup>1</sup>T. Keck et al.; 2018; The Full Event Interpretation – An exclusive tagging algorithm for the Belle II experiment; <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1807.08680.pdf>

# Self-attention

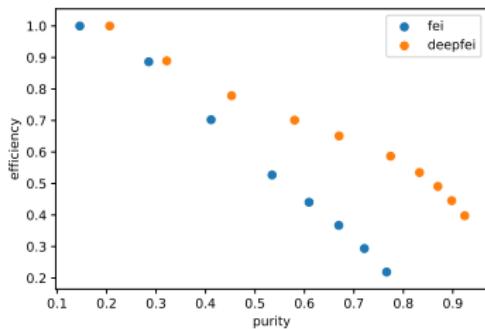
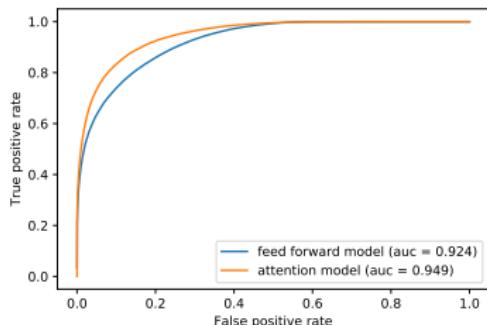


$$\text{Attention}(Q, K, V) = \text{softmax}\left(\frac{Q \cdot K^T}{\sqrt{d_k}}\right) V = \text{softmax}\left(\frac{XW_Q \cdot (XW_K)^T}{\sqrt{d_k}}\right) XW_V$$

- output is weighted sum of the values
- weights are compatibility function of the query and keys
- Self-attention: query, key, value are linear projections of same input

# Promising first steps

Reconstruction of  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  usign self-attention



# Goals for the Hackathon

- reconstruct  $D^0$  for the decays  $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \left( \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \right) \pi^+$  and  $B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \left( \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \right) \pi^+$
- multiple attention layers
- Open question: can we interpret attention-maps as intermediate particles?

